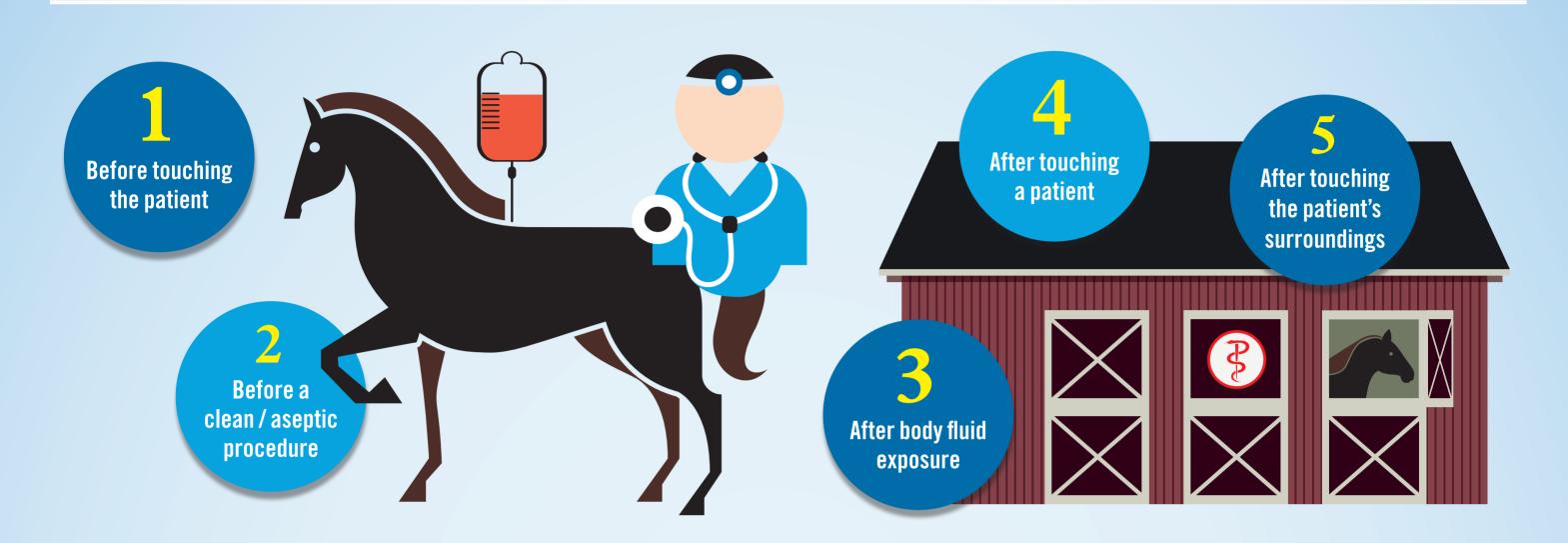


Clean Hands Save Lives

Hygienic Hand Sanitation Protocol

Your 5 Moments for Hand Hygiene – Equine



Before touching patient

When? Clean hands before touching the patient.

Why? To protect the patient against harmful germs you carried on your hands.

Examples: Clinical examination, handling patient, restraining patient,...

Before a clean / aseptic procedure

When? Clean hands immediately before and after an aseptic task.

Why? To protect the patient against harmful germs, including patients own, from entering its body.

Examples: Blood sampling, IV catheter manipulation, intra-articular joint treatment,

medication administration, catheter placement, wound care,...

After body fluid exposure

When? Clean your hands immediately after exposure risk to body fluids and after glove removal.

Why? To protect yourself and the health-care environment from harmful patient germs.

Examples: After contact with any body fluid like urine, blood, nasal discharge, saliva, faeces,...

4 After touching a patient

When? Clean hands after touching a patient and its immediate surroundings, when leaving the patient's side.

Why? To protect yourself and the health-care environment from harmful patient germs.

Why? To protect yourself and the health-care environment from harmful patient germs.

After touching the patient's surroundings

When? Clean your hands after touching any object or furniture in the patient surroundings when leaving even if the patient has not been touched.

Why? To protect yourself and the health-care environment from harmful patient germs.

Examples: When leaving the exam room, stable area or the hospital.

Examples: After clinical exams, after bandage changes, grooming,...

The steps on how to clean your hands















- Waterless rubs are your preferred way of sanitising your hands.
- A 30–60 second application of the rub* according to the above technique is necessary.
- → Use water and soap for 40-60 seconds only when hands are visibly soiled.

* Depending on the formulation of the product used (refer to manufacturer recommendations). Use products that have passed the prEN1500 norm or similar.





Clean Hands Save Lives

Pre-Surgical Hand Asepsis Protocol

4 Steps: Hygiene, Wash, Disinfect and Care



Surgical personnel should always take care of hand hygiene

Have a proper hand hygiene in and outside the surgical theater.











Clean Hands

Short nails

No artificial nails No nail polish

No jewellery

No wounds



1 minute handwash with Neutral Soap (Baktolin®)

This is a **cleaning procedure**. Before the 1st surgery of the day or when hands are visibly soiled.

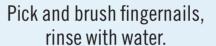


Use soap and a dry sponge.



Gently wash hands and forearms including elbow without brushing.







Dry hands and arms with regular paper.



1.5 minute rub with Hydro-Alcoholic Solution (Sterillium®)*

This is the hand disinfecting step. Keep solution wet for 1.5 minutes on skin.



Time your 1.5 minute rub! Apply on hands and forearms.



Rub over hands, forearm and elbow. Include upper arm in abdominal procedures (Large animals).



Concentrate on areas often missed.



Allow to dry before gloving! Don't wave hands!



Good Skin Care (Baktolan cream®)

Take care of your hands when leaving the surgical theater.



Apply cream on back of hands, rub hands back to back then rest of hand.



^{*} Timing based on the use of Sterillium (Bode-Chemie, Hamburg, Germany). For use with any other products, assure the hydro-alcoholic solution used meets the prEN 12791 requirements for surgical hand asepsis and verify approriate timing according to manufacturers recommendations.

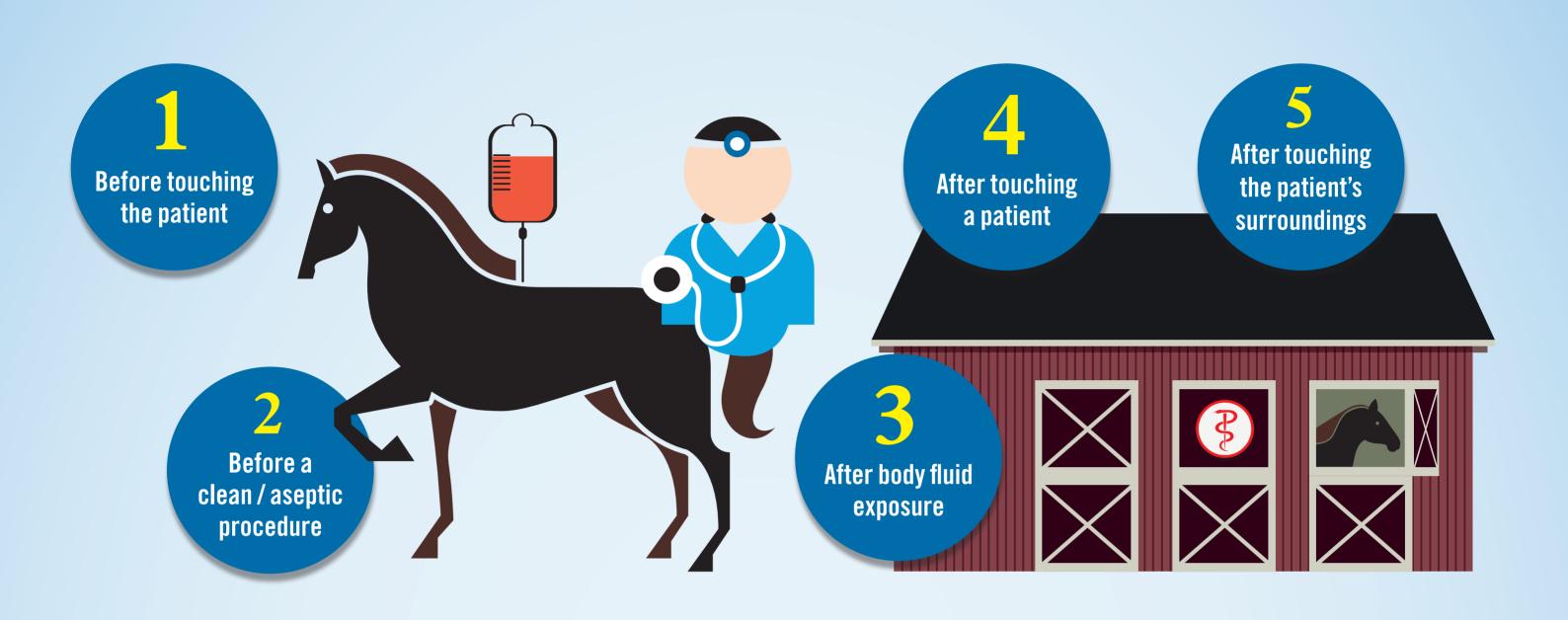
- » World Health Organisation Hand Hygiene Guidelines: http://www.who.int/gpsc/en/
- » Verwilghen D. et al (2011). Vet Surg. 515-521 » Widmer AF (2013): J Hosp Infect, Suppl. 1:S35-9



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